



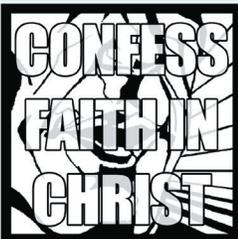
ACTS 15:7
ROMANS 10:3
ROMANS 10:17



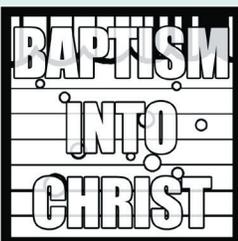
JOHN 3:16
ACTS 6:7
ACTS 16:31



LUKE 13:3-5
ACTS 3:19
ACTS 17:30



MATTHEW 10:32
ROMANS 10:9-10
PHILIPPIANS 2:9-11



MARK 16:16
ACTS 2:38
ACTS 22:16
GALATIANS 3:27
1 PETER 3:21



HEBREWS 3:6
REVELATION 2:10

Cases of Non-Conversion

(Romans 1:28-32)

Introduction: A sermon never ends without their being some disappointment that someone did not obey the gospel whom we both wished and expected would. Let's look at some Bible cases of non-conversion to help us understand why this happens.

I. The Non-Conversion of the _____ (Acts 17:32)

- A) Athens was the cultural center of the area and day.
- B) In that city, Paul preached the _____ gospel he preached _____ else (17:23-31).
- C) Some of the Athenians _____ Paul's gospel (17:32; Matt. 12:31-32).
- D) What we preach is contrary to many _____ concepts

II. The Non-Conversion of the _____ (John 12:42-43)

- A) Some who _____ Christ's miracles did not believe (12:37).
- B) There was another group among the chief rulers who were convinced by what they saw and heard (12:42-43).
- C) Why didn't they believe? _____-pressure
- D) One who is unwilling to _____ Christ before men cannot be His disciple (Matt. 10:32-33).

III. The Non-Conversion of the _____, _____ Ruler (Matt. 19:16-22)

- A) This young man had many admirable traits.
- B) He was willing to _____.
- C) However, there was one thing he loved more than God - his _____ (19:22).
- D) Some today are unwilling to make the sacrifices of true discipleship.

IV. The Non-Conversion of _____ (Acts 24:25)

- A) Felix was the Roman procurator in the time of Paul who occupied the same position as Pontius Pilate when Jesus was on trial.
- B) He lacked a great deal in _____ character.
- C) Paul reasoned with him of _____, _____ and the _____ to come (24:25).
- D) Felix refused to become a Christian claiming that he was waiting for a more "_____ season."

V. The Non-Conversion of _____ II (Acts 26:28)

- A) After Felix was removed Porcius Festus took his place (A.D. 59-60).
- B) Herod Agrippa II soon came to Caesarea to welcome Festus.
- C) Paul was called before the court amid great pomp & circumstance (v. 23).
 1. He recounted how he became a _____ (26:1-23).
 2. As Paul spoke of the _____ of Christ, Festus interrupted (26:24).
 3. Paul calmly appealed to Agrippa to _____ the gospel (26:26-27).
- D) Agrippa was "_____ persuaded" (26:28).

Conclusion: What reason do you give for not becoming a Christian today? "Almost persuaded" means that Agrippa was not persuaded. One that is "almost persuaded" who dies outside of Christ is completely lost.